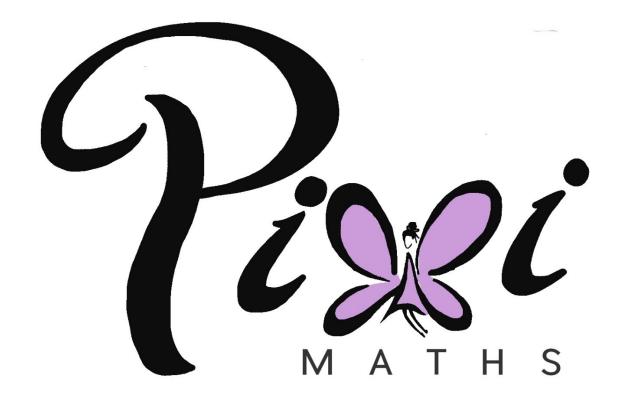
GCSE MATHS

Aiming for Grade C/B

REVISION BOOKLET

Exam Dates:

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		-



Name:

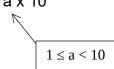
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Standard Form

Things to remember:

• a x 10^b



1. A floppy disk can store 1 440 000 bytes of data.

	(a)	Write	e the number 1 440 000 in standard form.	
	A ha (b)		can store 2.4 × 10 ⁹ bytes of data. culate the number of floppy disks needed to store the	(1) 2.4 × 10 ⁹ bytes of data.
				(3) (Total 4 marks)
2.	A na (a)		ond is 0.000 000 001 second. e the number 0.000 000 001 in standard form.	
	A coi (b)	How	does a calculation in 5 nanoseconds. many of these calculations can the computer do in your answer in standard form.	(1) 1 second?
				(2) (Total 3 marks)
3.	(a)	(i)	Write 40 000 000 in standard form.	
		(ii)	Write 3 x 10 ⁻⁵ as an ordinary number.	
	(1.)	147		(2)

(b) Work out the value of $3 \times 10^{-5} \times 40\ 000\ 000$ Give your answer in standard form.

(2) (Total 4 marks)

(Total 2 marks) 5. (a) Write the number 40 000 000 in standard form. (1) Write 1.4×10^{-5} as an ordinary number. (b) (1) Work out (c) $(5 \times 10^4) \times (6 \times 10^9)$ Give your answer in standard form. (Total 4 marks) 6. Write in standard form 456 000 (a) (1) (b) 0.00034 (1) 16 × 107 (c) (Total 3 marks) Write 5.7×10^{-4} as an ordinary number. 7. (a) (1) Work out the value of $(7 \times 10^4) \times (3 \times 10^5)$ (b) Give your answer in standard form. (Total 3 marks)

Work out $(3.2 \times 10^5) \times (4.5 \times 10^4)$

Give your answer in standard form correct to 2 significant figures.

4.

(a)	Write 30 000 000 in standard form.	
(b)	Write 2 × 10 ⁻³ as an ordinary number.	(1)
		(1) (Total 2 marks)
(a)	(i) Write 7900 in standard form.	
	(ii) Write 0. 00035 in standard form.	
		(2)
	$\frac{4 \times 10^3}{3 \times 10^{-5}}$	()
(b)	Work out 8×10^{-3} Give your answer in standard form.	
		(2) (Total 4 marks)
		(100011110)
-		
		ant figures.
	- -	_
		(Total 3 marks)
(a)	Write 6.4 × 10⁴ as an ordinary number.	
()	·	(1)
(b)	Write 0.0039 in standard form.	(-)
(a)	Write 0.25 v 407 in standard forms	(1)
(C)	write 0.25 × 10° in standard form.	
		(1) (Total 3 marks)
	(b) (a) Work $\frac{2 \times 2.2}{2.2}$ Give y	 (a) (i) Write 7900 in standard form. (ii) Write 0. 00035 in standard form. (b) Work out

Laws of Indices

Things to remember:

$$a^{m} \times a^{n} = a^{m+n}$$

$$a^{m} \div a^{n} = a^{m-n}$$

$$a^{m} \div a^{n} = a^{m}$$

$$a^{m} = \sqrt[n]{a^{m}}$$

$$a^{m} = \sqrt[n]{a^{m}}$$

Questions:

-,	•			
1. ((a)	Simplify	$m^5 \div$	m^3

(b) Simplify $5x^4y^3 \times x^2y$

 •	•	٠.	•	•	•	٠.	٠.	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•			•
																															(1	١
																															•	•	,

(2)

(Total for Question is 3 marks)

5-1

0.5

-5

 5^{0}

(Total for Question is 2 marks)

3. Write down the value of $125^{\frac{2}{3}}$

(Total for question is 1 mark)

4. (a) Write down the value of 10^{-1}

(1)

(b) Find the value of $27^{\frac{2}{3}}$

(2)

(Total for Question is 3 marks)

5.	(a)	Find the value of	5°	
	(b)	Find the value of	27 ^{1/3}	(1)
	(c)	Find the value of	2 ⁻³	(1)
				(1) (Total for Question is 3 marks)
6.	(a)	Write down the valu	e of 27 ^{1/3}	
	(b)	Find the value of 25	5- ¹ / ₂	(1)
	(5)	Time the value of 20		
				(2) (Total for Question is 3 marks)
7.	(a)	Write down the valu	e of $64^{\frac{1}{2}}$	
			2	(1)
	(b)	Find the value of $\left(\frac{1}{1}\right)$	$\left(\frac{8}{25}\right)^{-\frac{2}{3}}$	
				(2) (Total for question = 3 marks)
8.	(a)	Write down the valu	e of 6 ⁰	
(b)	Work o	ut $64^{-\frac{2}{3}}$		(1)
. ,				
				(2) (Total for guestion = 3 marks)

Estimating Calculations

Things to remember:

- Round each number to one significant figure first (e.g. nearest whole number, nearest ten, nearest one decimal place) this earns you one mark.
- Don't forget to use BIDMAS.

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റ	ues	٠ŧi	\sim	nc	
w	ues		u		٠.

1. Work out an estimate for $\frac{3.1 \times 9.87}{0.509}$

(Total for Question is 3 marks)

2. Margaret has some goats.

The goats produce an average total of 21.7 litres of milk per day for 280 days.

Margaret sells the milk in $\frac{1}{2}$ litre bottles.

Work out an estimate for the total number of bottles that Margaret will be able to fill with the milk.

You must show clearly how you got your estimate.

(Total for Question is 3 marks)

3. Work out an estimate for the value of

 $\frac{89.3 \times 0.51}{4.8}$

(Total for Question is 2 marks)

4.	Work out an estimate for $\sqrt{4.98+2.16} \times 7.35$
	(Total for question = 3 mark
5.	A ticket for a seat at a school play costs £2.95
	There are 21 rows of seats. There are 39 seats in each row.
	The school will sell all the tickets.
	Work out an estimate for the total money the school will get.
	£
	(Total for Question is 3 mark
6.	Jayne writes down the following
	$3.4 \times 5.3 = 180.2$
	Without doing the exact calculation, explain why Jayne's answer cannot be correct.
	/Total for question is 4 mar
	(Total for question is 1 mar

Bounds

Things to remember:

• Calculating bounds is the opposite of rounding – they are the limits at which you would round up instead of down, and vice versa.

	e of wood has a length of 65 centimetres to the nea What is the least possible length of the piece of wo	
nat is th	ne greatest possible length of the piece of wood?	(1
		(1 (Total for Question is 2 marks
Chelse (a)	ea's height is 168 cm to the nearest cm. What is Chelsea's minimum possible height?	
(b)	What is Chelsea's maximum possible height?	cn (1
		cn (1 (Total for Question is 2 marks
Each Work	of these golf balls weighs 42 grams to the nearest g out the greatest possible total weight of all 60 golf b	
		kç (Total for Question is 3 marks
	(a) hat is the Chelse (a) (b) Dionn Each (Work)	A piece of wood has a length of 65 centimetres to the near (a) What is the least possible length of the piece of wood hat is the greatest possible length of the piece of wood? Chelsea's height is 168 cm to the nearest cm. (a) What is Chelsea's minimum possible height? (b) What is Chelsea's maximum possible height?

4. The length, *L* cm, of a line is measured as 13 cm correct to the nearest centimetre. Complete the following statement to show the range of possible values of *L*

5.		rounds a number, x, to one decimal place. result is 7.2	
	Write	e down the error interval for <i>x</i> .	
			(Total for question = 2 marks
6.	A pei (a)	ncil has a length of 17 cm measured to the nearest cent Write down the least possible length of the pencil.	imetre.
	(b)	Write down the greatest possible length of the pencil.	(1
		((1 Total for Question is 2 marks

Expand and Factorise Quadratics

Things to remember:

- Use FOIL (first, outside, inside, last) or the grid method (for multiplication) to expand brackets.
- For any quadratic $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$, find a pair of numbers with a sum of b and a product of ac to factorise.

_	4 -	
<i>(</i>):	INCTIANCI	
Wι	uestions:	

				(Total for question = 2 marks)
2.	(a)	Factorise	6 + 9x	
	(b)	Factorise	y² – 16	(1)
	(c)	Factorise	$2p^2 - p - 10$	(1)

(2) (Total for Question is 4 marks)

3. Solve, by factorising, the equation $8x^2 - 30x - 27 = 0$

(Total for Question is 3 marks)

5.	Write	$a = x^2 + 2x - 8$ in the form $(x + m)^2 + n$ where m and	(Total for question is 2 marks
•			
6.	(a)	Expand 4(3 <i>x</i> + 5)	(Total for question is 2 marks
	(b)	Expand and simplify $2(x-4) + 3(x+5)$	(1
	(c)	Expand and simplify $(x + 4)(x + 6)$	(2
7.	(a)	Factorise $x^2 + 5x + 4$	(2 (Total for Question is 5 marks
	(4)	radionse x · ox · 4	
	(b)	Expand and simplify $(3x-1)(2x+5)$	(2
			(Total for Question is 4 marks

Factorise $x^2 + 3x - 4$

	Expand $3(2 + t)$	(a)	8.
(1) + 5)	Expand $3x(2x + 5)$	(b)	
Olify (m + 3)(m + 10)	Expand and simplify	(c)	
(2) (Total for Question is 5 marks)			
$x^2 + 7x$	Factorise	(a)	9.
$y^2 - 10y + 16$ (1)	Factorise	(b)	
(2)			
$2t^2 + 5t + 2$	(i) Factorise	*(c)	
ive whole number. ssion $2t^2 + 5t + 2$ can never have a value that is a prime number. by.			
(3) (Total for Question is 6 marks)			

Rearranging Formulae

Things to remember:

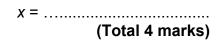
- Firstly decide what needs to be on its own.
- Secondly move all terms that contain that letter to one side. Remember to move all terms if it appears in more than one.
- Thirdly separate out the required letter on its own.

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()ı	iest	ıor	IS.

		ake <i>u</i> the subject of the formula t + <i>kt</i> 2	
2.	(a)	Solve $4(x + 3) = 6$	u =(Total 2 marks)
	(b)	Make t the subject of the formula $v = u + 5t$	x =(3)
3.	(a)	Expand and simplify	t =(2) (Total 5 marks)
	(b)	$(x - y)^2$ Rearrange $a(q - c) = d$ to make q the subject.	(2)
	. ,		Q =

(Total 5 marks)

4. Make *x* the subject of 5(x-3) = y(4-3x)



 $P = \frac{n^2 + a}{n + a}$

Rearrange the formula to make *a* the subject.

 $\frac{x}{x+c} = \frac{p}{q}$

Make \boldsymbol{x} the subject of the formula.

Linear Simultaneous Equations

Things to remember:

- 1. Scale up (if necessary)
- 2. Add or subtract (to eliminate)
- 3. Solve (to find x)
- 4. Substitute (to find y) (or the other way around)

Questions:

***1.** The Singh family and the Peterson family go to the cinema.

The Singh family buy 2 adult tickets and 3 child tickets.

They pay £28.20 for the tickets.

The Peterson family buy 3 adult tickets and 5 child tickets.

They pay £44.75 for the tickets.

Find the cost of each adult ticket and each child ticket.

(Total for question = 5 marks)

2. Solve the simultaneous equations

$$3x + 4y = 5$$

$$2x - 3y = 9$$

y =

(Total for Question is 4 marks)

3. Solve the simultaneous equations

$$4x + 7y = 1$$

$$3x + 10y = 15$$

у —	• • • • • •			 า is 4 ma	
<i>x</i> =		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	 		

7. Solve $2x + 3y = \frac{2}{3}$

$$2x + 3y = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$3x - 4y = 18$$

x =

y = (Total for Question is 4 marks)

	Solve the simultaneous equations $4x + y = 25$ x - 3y = 16	
7.	Solve the simultaneous equations $3x - 2y = 7$ $7x + 2y = 13$	x =
		<i>y</i> =
		y = (Total for Question is 3 marks

7.

7.	A cinema sells adult tickets and child tickets. The total cost of 3 adult tickets and 1 child ticket is £30 The total cost of 1 adult ticket and 3 child tickets is £22 Work out the cost of an adult ticket and the cost of a child ticket.
	adult ticket £
	child ticket £(Total for question = 4 marks)
*8.	Paper clips are sold in small boxes and in large boxes. There is a total of 1115 paper clips in 4 small boxes and 5 large boxes. There is a total of 530 paper clips in 3 small boxes and 2 large boxes. Work out the number of paper clips in each small box and in each large box.

Graphical Inequalities

Things to remember:

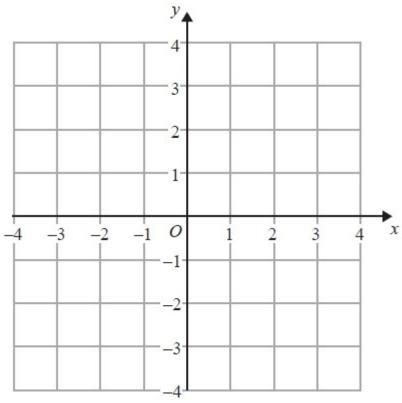
- Use a table of values if you need to help you draw the linear graphs.
- Use a solid line for ≥ or ≤, and a dotted line for > or <.
- Test a coordinate ((0, 0) is easiest) to work out which side of the line to shade.

Questions:

1. (a) Solve the inequality 5e + 3 > e + 12

(2)

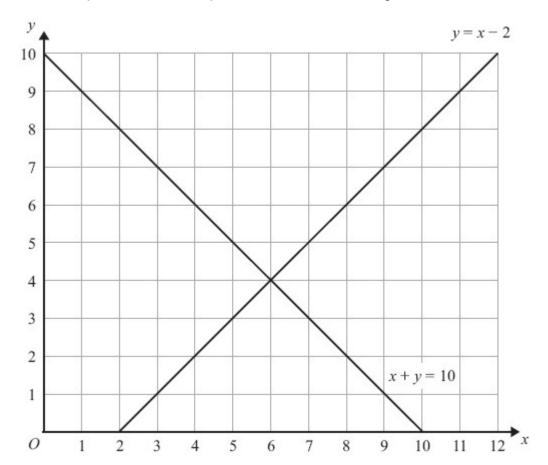
(b) On the grid, shade the region defined by the inequality x + y > 1



(2)

(Total for Question is 4 marks)

2. The lines y = x - 2 and x + y = 10 are drawn on the grid.



On the grid, mark with a cross (x) each of the points with integer coordinates that are in the region defined by

$$y > x - 2$$

 $x + y < 10$
 $x > 3$

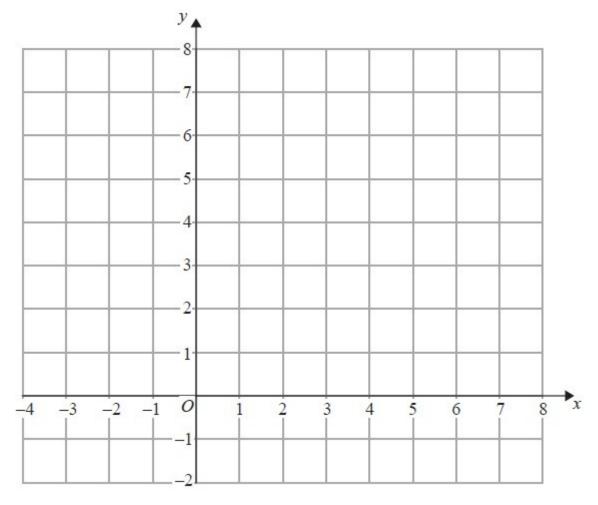
(Total for Question is 3 marks)

3. On the grid below, show by shading, the region defined by the inequalities

$$x + y < 6$$

$$x > -1$$

Mark this region with the letter R.



(Total for Question is 4 marks)

Given that x and y are integers such that 4. (a)

and
$$x + y = 13$$

find all the possible values of x.

(2)

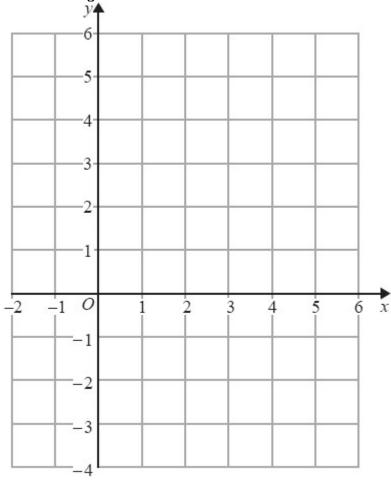
(b) On the grid below show, by shading, the region defined by the inequalities

$$y \geqslant -1$$

$$y \leq 4 - x$$

$$y \leqslant 4 - x$$
 $y \leqslant 3x - 1$

Mark this region with the letter R.



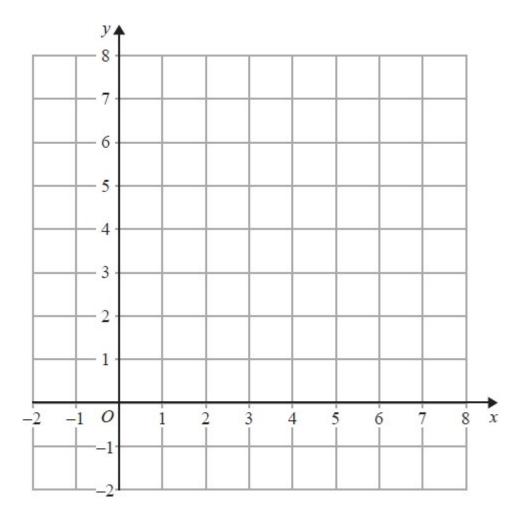
(4)

(Total for question = 6 marks)

5. On the grid show, by shading, the region that satisfies all three of the inequalities

$$x + y < 7$$

Label the region **R**.



(Total for question = 4 marks)

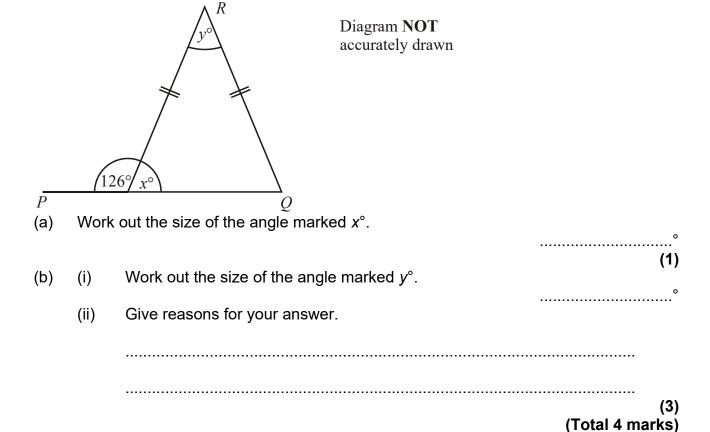
Angles in parallel lines and polygons

Things to remember:

- Angles in a triangle sum to 180°
- Angles on a straight line sum to 180°
- Angles around a point sum to 360°
- Vertically opposite angles are equal
- Alternate angles are equal
- Corresponding angles are equal
- Supplementary angles sum to 180°
- An exterior and an interior angle of a polygon sum to 180°
- An exterior angle = 360° ÷ number of sides

Questions:

1. PQ is a straight line.



Triangle ABC is isosceles, with AC = BC.Angle ACD = 62°.BCD is a straight line.

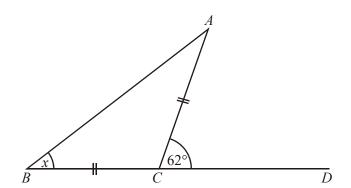


Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

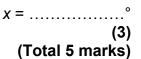
(a) Work out the size of angle x.



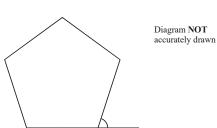


The diagram shows part of a **regular** octagon.

(b) Work out the size of angle x.

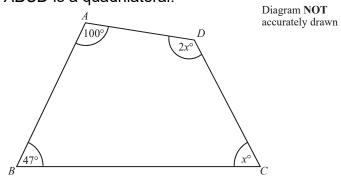


3.



(a) Work out the size of an exterior angle of a regular pentagon.

4. *ABCD* is a quadrilateral.



Work out the size of the largest angle in the quadrilateral.

.....° (Total 4 marks)

5.

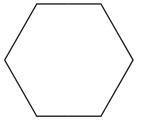
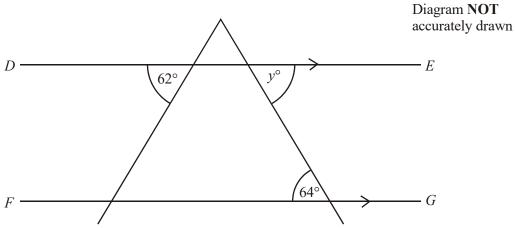


Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

Calculate the size of the exterior angle of a regular hexagon.

...... (Total 2 marks)

6. DE is parallel to FG.



Find the size of the angle marked y° .

(Total 1 mark)

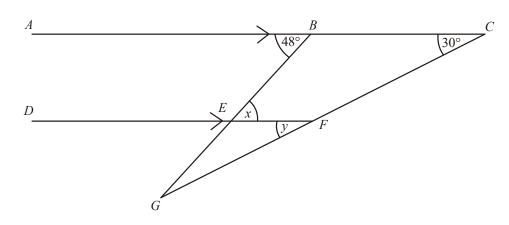
7. BEG and CFG are straight lines.

ABC is parallel to DEF.

Angle $\dot{ABE} = 48^{\circ}$.

Angle $BCF = 30^{\circ}$.

Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn



- (a) (i) Write down the size of the angle marked x.
 - x =°
 - (ii) Give a reason for your answer.

(2)

(b) (i) Write down the size of the angle marked *y*.

 $y = \dots$ (ii) Give a reason for your answer.

(Total 4 marks)

8. The diagram shows the position of each of three buildings in a town.

The bearing of the Hospital from the Art gallery is 072°.

The Cinema is due East of the Hospital.

The distance from the Hospital to the Art gallery is equal to the distance from the Hospital to the Cinema.

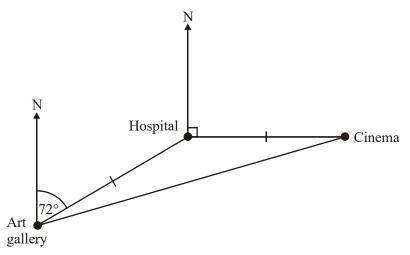


Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

Work out the bearing of the Cinema from the Art gallery.

9.

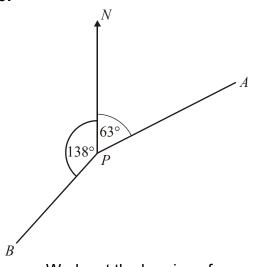


Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

Work out the bearing of

- (i) B from P,
- (ii) P from A,

.....0

(Total 3 marks)

Loci and Construction

Things to remember:

- The question will always say "use ruler and compasses" if you don't you will lose marks.
- Sometimes there are marks for drawing something that is almost right, so always have a guess if you can't remember.
- Bisector means "cut in half"

Questions:

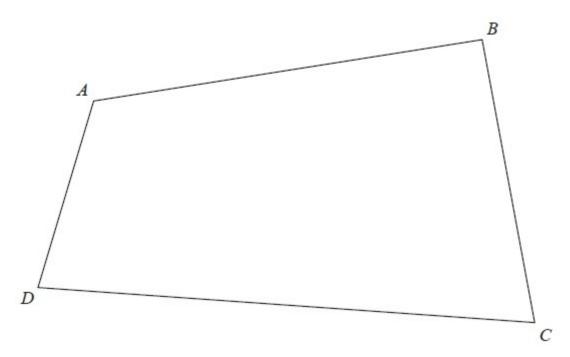
1.



Use ruler and compasses to **construct** the perpendicular bisector of the line segment *AB*. You must show all your construction lines.

(Total for question = 2 marks)

2. The diagram shows the plan of a park.



Scale: 1 cm represents 100 m

A fountain in the park is equidistant from *A* and from *C*. The fountain is exactly 700 m from *D*.

On the diagram, mark the position of the fountain with a cross (×).

(Total for question = 3 marks)

3. Here is a scale drawing of an office. The scale is 1 cm to 2 metres.



A photocopier is going to be put in the office.

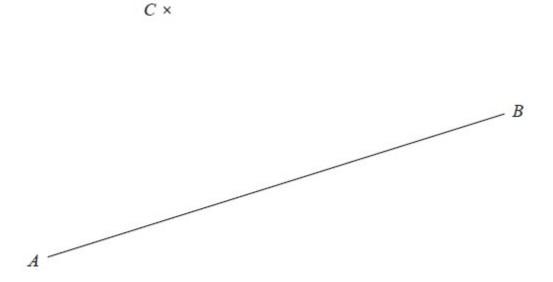
The photocopier has to be closer to B than it is to A.

The photocopier also has to be less than 8 metres from *C*.

Show, by shading, the region where the photocopier can be put.

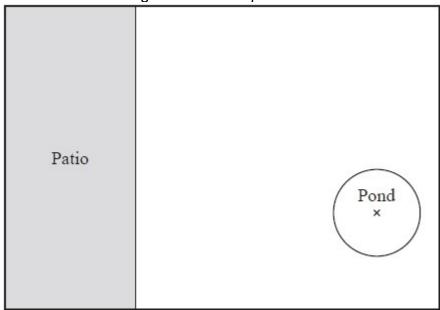
(Total for question = 3 marks)

4. Use ruler and compasses to **construct** the perpendicular from point *C* to the line *AB*. You must show all your construction lines.



(Total for Question is 2 marks)

5. The diagram shows a garden in the shape of a rectangle. The scale of the diagram is 1 cm represents 2 m.



Scale: 1 cm represents 2 m

Irfan is going to plant a tree in the garden.

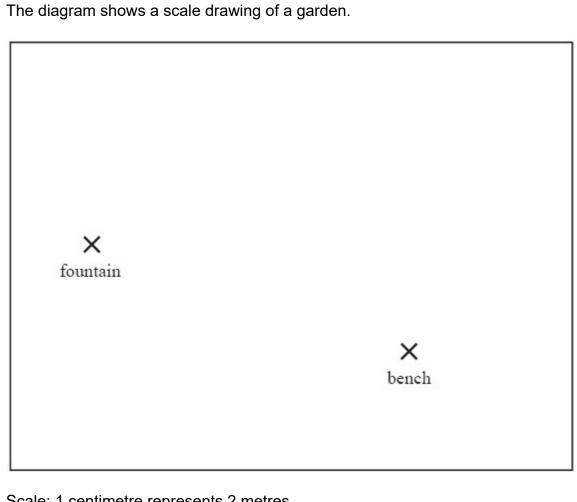
The tree must be

more than 3 metres from the patio

and more than 6 metres from the centre of the pond.

On the diagram, shade the region where Irfan can plant the tree.

(Total for Question is 3 marks)



Scale: 1 centimetre represents 2 metres

Haavi is going to plant a tree in the garden.

The tree must be

6.

less than 7 metres from the fountain,

less than 12 metres from the bench.

On the diagram show, by shading, the region in which Haavi can plant the tree.

(Total for question = 3 marks)

 $\begin{array}{c} B \\ \times \end{array}$

The diagram shows the positions of two shops, *A* and *B*, on a map.

The scale of the map is 1 cm represents 5 km.

Yannis wants to build a warehouse.

The warehouse needs to be

7.

less than 10 km from A,

less than 20 km from B.

Show by shading where Yannis can build the warehouse.

(Total for Question is 3 marks)

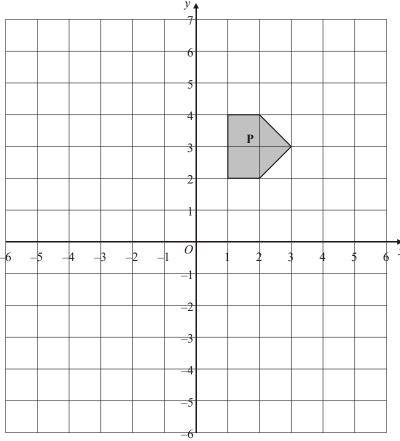
Transformations

Things to remember:

- Reflection the shape is flipped in a mirror line
- Rotation the shape is turned a number of degrees, around a centre, clockwise or anticlockwise
- Translation the shape is moved by a vector $\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$
- Enlargement the shape is made bigger or smaller by a scale factor from a centre.

Questions:

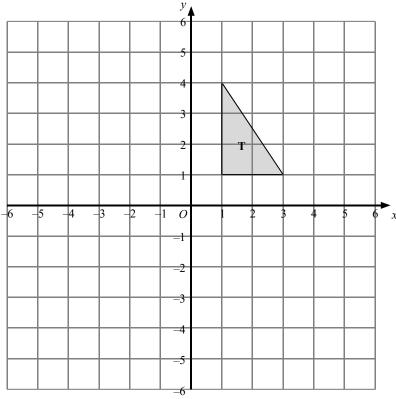
1.



- (a) On the grid, rotate the shaded shape $\bf P$ one quarter turn anticlockwise about $\it O$. Label the new shape $\bf Q$.
- (b) On the grid, translate the shaded shape ${\bf P}$ by 2 units to the right and 3 units up. Label the new shape ${\bf R}$.

(1) (Total 4 marks)

(3)



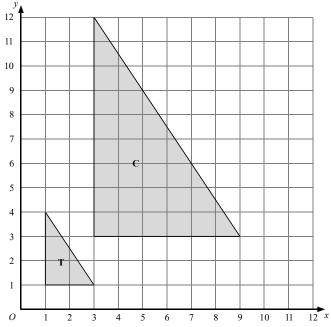
Triangle **T** has been drawn on the grid.

(a) Reflect triangle **T** in the *y*-axis. Label the new triangle **A**.

(1)

(b) Rotate triangle **T** by a half turn, centre *O*. Label the new triangle B.

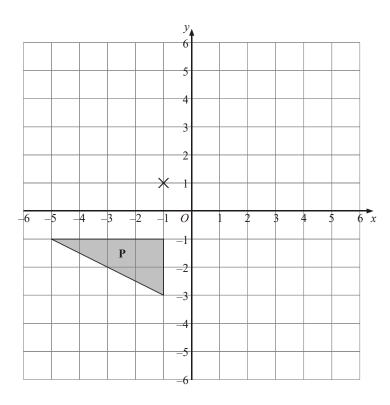
(2)



(a) Describe fully the single transformation which maps triangle **T** onto triangle **C**.

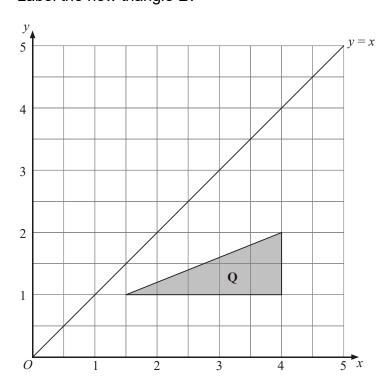
.....

(3) (Total 6 marks)



(a) Rotate triangle **P** 180° about the point (–1, 1). Label the new triangle **A**.

(b) Translate triangle **P** by the vector $\begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$. Label the new triangle **B**.

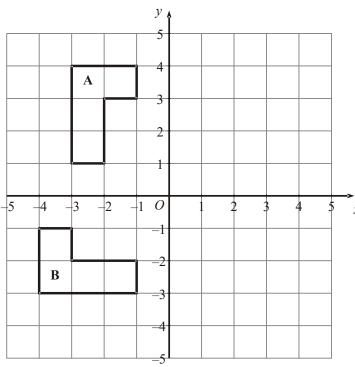


(c) Reflect triangle **Q** in the line y = x. Label the new triangle **C**.

(2) (Total 5 marks)

(2)

(1)



(a) Reflect shape \mathbf{A} in the y axis.

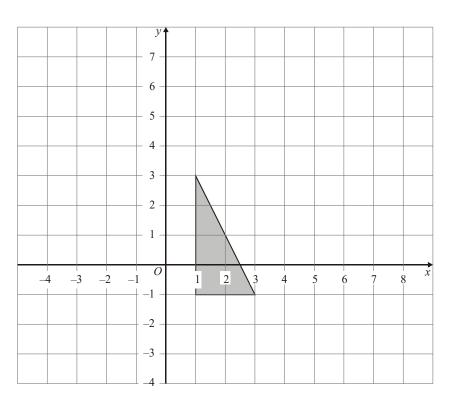
(2)

(b) Describe fully the **single** transformation which takes shape **A** to shape **B**.

.....

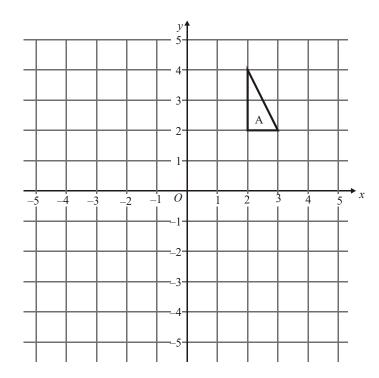
(3) (Total 5 marks)

5.



Enlarge the shaded triangle by a scale factor 2, centre 0.

(Total 3 marks)



(a) On the grid, rotate triangle **A** 180° about O. Label your new triangle **B**.

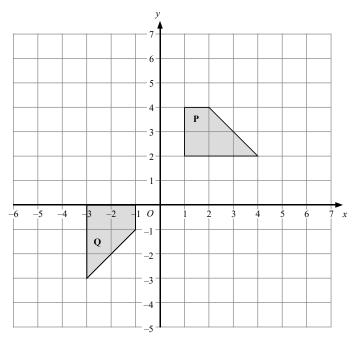
(2)

(b) On the grid, enlarge triangle **A** by scale factor ½, centre O. Label your new triangle **C**.

(3)

(Total 5 marks)

7.



Describe fully the single transformation that will map shape ${\bf P}$ onto shape ${\bf Q}$.

.....

(Total 3 marks)

Pythagoras' Theorem

Things to remember:

- $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$
- First you've got to square both sides of the triangle.
- Then decide whether to add or subtract.
- Finish off with a square root.
- Make sure you round your answer correctly.

Questions:

1. ABCD is a trapezium.

Diagram NOT accurately drawn

AD = 10 cm

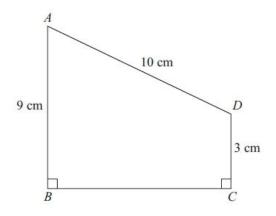
AB = 9 cm

DC = 3 cm

Angle ABC = angle BCD = 90°

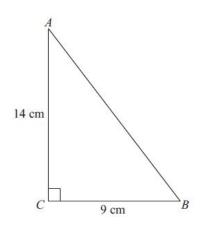
Calculate the length of AC.

Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.



(Total for Question is 5 marks)

Diagram NOT accurately drawn
 Calculate the length of AB.
 Give your answer correct to 1 decimal place.



.....cm (Total for Question is 3 marks)

3. Triangle *ABC* has perimeter 20 cm.

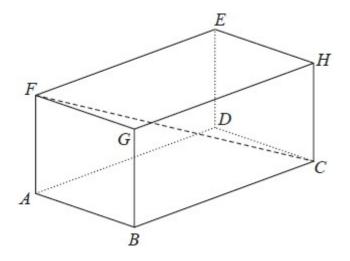
AB = 7 cm.

BC = 4 cm.

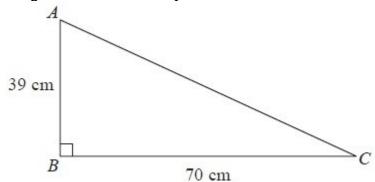
By calculation, deduce whether triangle ABC is a right-angled triangle.

(Total for question = 4 marks)

4. The diagram shows a cuboid *ABCDEFGH*.



AB = 7 cm, AF = 5 cm and FC = 15 cm. Calculate the volume of the cuboid. Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures. **5.** Here is a right-angled triangle. Diagram NOT accurately drawn



Work out the length of *AC*. Give your answer correct to 1 decimal place.

 	 	 																														-									С	r	ĭ
			(7	Γ	C	1	ŧ	3	I	1	F	0	Ì	r	(C)	Į	Į	(9	S	3	t	į	C)	n	1	į	S	;	3	I	n	n	ć	ì	rl	k	S	ò

6. *ABC* is a right-angled triangle.

AC = 6 cmAB = 13 cm

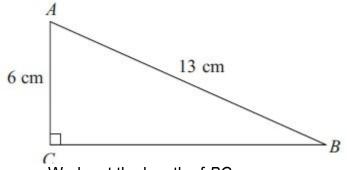


Diagram NOT accurately drawn

Work out the length of BC.

Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

(Total for Question is 3 marks)

ABCD is a square with a side length of 4x
 M is the midpoint of DC.
 N is the point on AD where ND = x
 BMN is a right-angled triangle.

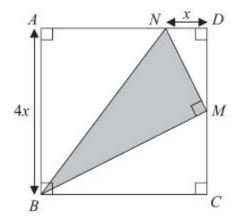


Diagram NOT accurately drawn

Find an expression, in terms of x, for the area of triangle BMN. Give your expression in its simplest form.

(Total for Question is 4 marks)

8. Diagram NOT accurately drawn *ABC* is a right-angled triangle.

A, B and C are points on the circumference of a circle centre O.

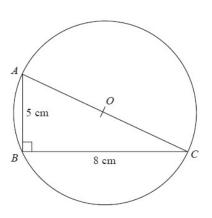
AB = 5 cm

BC = 8 cm

AOC is a diameter of the circle.

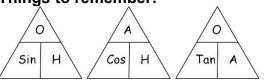
Calculate the circumference of the circle.

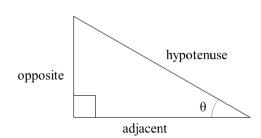
Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.



Trigonometry - SOH CAH TOA

Things to remember:





- 1. Label your sides first, you'll need O, H and A...
- 2. Choose if you need SOH, CAH or TOA...
- 3. Cover the one you need with your thumb,
- 4. Write the equation,
- 5. Solve it, then you're done!

Questions:

1. The diagram shows triangle *ABC*.

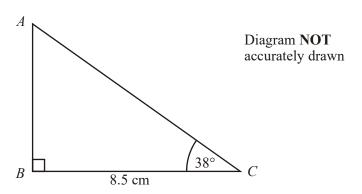
$$BC = 8.5 \text{ cm}.$$

Angle $ABC = 90^{\circ}$.

Angle $ACB = 38^{\circ}$.

Work out the length of AB.

Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.



2. *PQR* is a triangle.

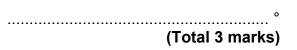
Angle $PQR = 90^{\circ}$.

PQ = 12.5 cm.

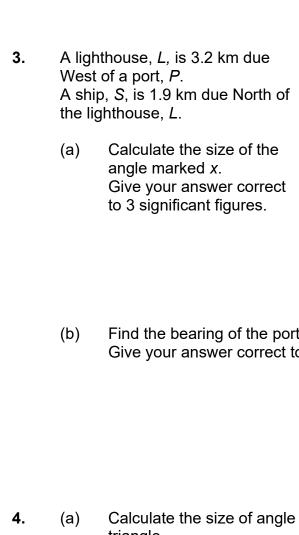
QR = 5 cm.

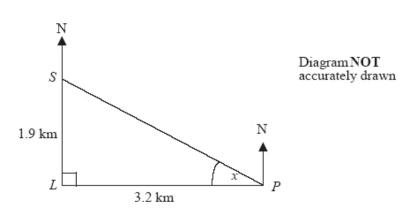
Calculate the value of x.

Give your answer correct to 1 decimal place.



(Total 3 marks)



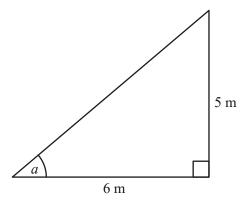


(3)

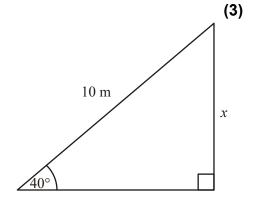
Find the bearing of the port, *P*, from the ship, *S*. Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

> (1) (Total 4 marks)

Calculate the size of angle a in this right-angled triangle. Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures. Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn



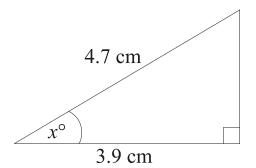
(b) Calculate the length of the side x in this rightangled triangle. Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures. Diagram NOT accurately drawn



..... cm (3)

(Total 6 marks)

Diagram NOT accurately drawnWork out the value of x.Give your answer correct to 1 decimal place.



°.....(Total 3 marks)

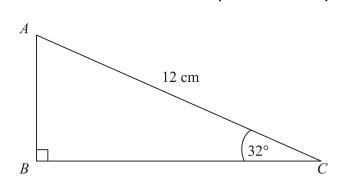
6. Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn *AC* = 12 cm.

Angle $ABC = 90^{\circ}$.

Angle $ACB = 32^{\circ}$.

Calculate the length of AB.

Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.



7. Diagram NOT accurately drawn

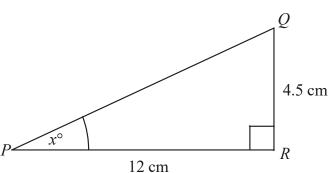
PQR is a right-angled triangle.
PR = 12 cm.

QR = 4.5 cm.

Angle $PRQ = 90^{\circ}$.

Work out the value of *x*.

Give your answer correct to one decimal place.



.....(Total 3 marks)

Area and Perimeter of Sectors

Things to remember:

• Area of a sector = $\frac{\theta}{360}$ x π x r^2

• Length of an arc = $\frac{\theta}{360}$ x π x d

Questions:

Diagram NOT accurately drawn OAB is a sector of a circle, centre O. Angle AOB = 60°.
 OA = OB = 12 cm.
 Work out the length of the arc AB. Give your answer in terms of π.

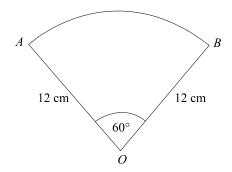
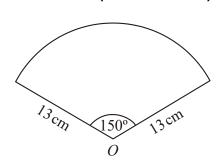
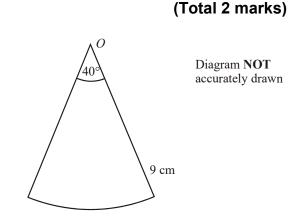


Diagram NOT accurately drawn
The diagram shows a sector of a circle, centre O.
The radius of the circle is 13 cm.
The angle of the sector is 150°.
Calculate the area of the sector.
Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

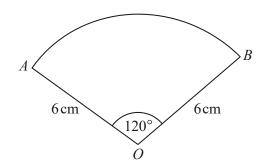


3. The diagram shows a sector of a circle, centre O. The radius of the circle is 9 cm. The angle at the centre of the circle is 40°. Find the perimeter of the sector. Leave your answer in terms of π .



..... cm²

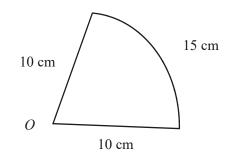
Diagram NOT accurately drawn
The diagram shows a sector of a circle, centre O.
The radius of the circle is 6 cm.
Angle AOB = 120°.
Work out the perimeter of the sector.
Give your answer in terms of π in its simplest form.



(Total 3 marks)

5. Diagram NOT accurately drawn The diagram shows a sector of a circle, centre O, radius 10 cm.

The arc length of the sector is 15 cm. Calculate the area of the sector.



.....cm² (Total 4 marks)

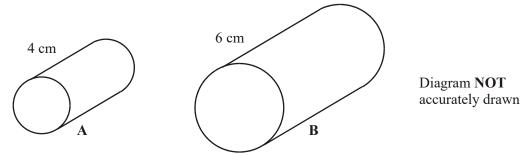
Similar Length, Area and Volume (LAV)

Things to remember:

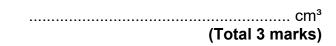
- Linear scale factor = x
- Area scale factor = x^2
- Volume scale factor = x³

Questions:

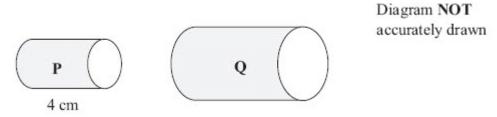
1. Cylinder **A** and cylinder **B** are mathematically similar. The length of cylinder **A** is 4 cm and the length of cylinder **B** is 6 cm. The volume of cylinder A is 80 cm³.



Calculate the volume of cylinder **B**.



Two cylinders, **P** and **Q**, are mathematically similar. 2. The total surface area of cylinder **P** is 90π cm². The total surface area of cylinder **Q** is 810π cm². The length of cylinder **P** is 4 cm.



Work out the length of cylinder Q. (a)

The volume of cylinder **P** is 100π cm³.

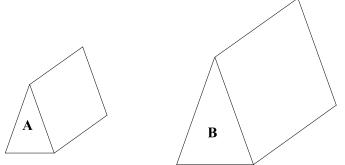
(b)

Work out the length of cylinder Q .	
plume of cylinder P is 100π cm ³ . Work out the volume of cylinder Q . Give your answer as a multiple of π	cm (3)

..... cm³ (2)(Total 5 marks)

3.	Diagram NC	T accurately	y drawr
	•		,

Two prisms, **A** and **B**, are mathematically similar. The volume of prism **A** is 12 000 cm³. The volume of prism **B** is 49 152 cm³. The total surface area of prism **B** is 9728 cm².

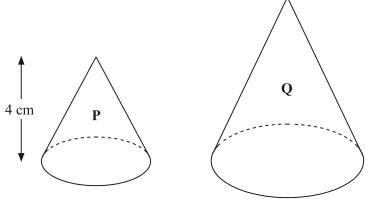


Calculate the total surface area of prism

 cm²
(Total 4 marks

4. Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

Two cones, **P** and **Q**, are mathematically similar. The total surface area of cone **P** is 24 cm². The total surface area of cone **Q** is 96 cm². The height of cone **P** is 4 cm.



(a) Work out the height of cone **Q**.

 . cm
(3)

The volume of cone **P** is 12 cm3.

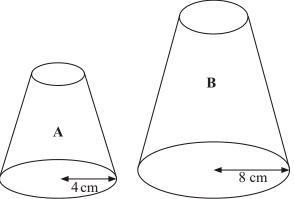
(b) Work out the volume of cone Q.

 	 cm ³
	(2)

(Total 5 marks

_	D:	NOT		
5.	Diagram	NUI	accurately	/ arawr

Two solid shapes, $\bf A$ and $\bf B$, are mathematically similar. The base of shape $\bf A$ is a circle with radius 4 cm. The base of shape $\bf B$ is a circle with radius 8 cm. The surface area of shape $\bf A$ is 80 cm².



(a) Work out the surface area of shape **B**.

 cm	2
(2)

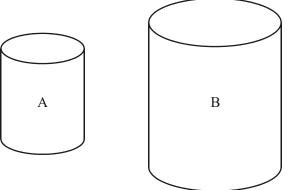
The volume of shape **B** is 600 cm³.

(b) Work out the volume of shape **A**.

 cm ³
(2)
(Total 4 marks)

6. Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

The two cylinders, A and B, are mathematically similar. The height of cylinder B is twice the height of cylinder A. The total surface area of cylinder A is 180 cm².



Calculate the total surface area of cylinder B.

(Total 3 marks)

Averages from Tables

Things to remember:

- The mode is the one with the highest frequency.
- To calculate the median, find where the middle value is located by using $\frac{n+1}{2}$.
- The mean is given by $\frac{\Sigma f x}{\Sigma f}$, ie. the total frequency x midpoint divided by the total frequency.
- Always look back at the data to check your answer looks realistic.

Questions:

1. Zach has 10 CDs. The table gives some information about the number of tracks on each CD.

Number of tracks	Frequency	
11	1	
12	3	
13	0	
14	2	
15	4	

		(3) (Total 4 marks)
(b)	Work out the mean.	(1)
(a)	Write down the mode.	

2. 30 adults took part in a survey. They were each asked how much money they spent on lottery tickets last week. The table shows the results of the survey.

Money (£)	Frequency	
0	5	
2	16	
4	6	
20	2	
30	1	

Work out the mean amount of money the 30 adults spent on lottery tickets.

£	
	(Total 3 marks)

3.	Josh asked 30 adults how many cups of coffee they each drank yesterday.
	The table shows his results.

Number of cups	Frequency	
0	5	
1	9	
2	7	
3	4	
4	3	
5	2	

\/\ork	out the	mean	
VVOIR	out me	III c aii.	

(Total 3	marks)

4. Majid carried out a survey of the number of school dinners 32 students had in one week. The table shows this information.

Number of school dinners	Frequency	
0	0	
1	8	
2	12	
3	6	
4	4	
5	2	

Calculate the mean.

5. Fred did a survey on the areas of pictures in a newspaper. The table gives information about the areas.

Area (A cm2)	Frequency
$0 < A \le 10$	38
10 < <i>A</i> ≤ 25	36
25 < <i>A</i> ≤ 40	30
40 < <i>A</i> ≤ 60	46

Work out an estimate for the mean area of a picture.

am2
 CIII

(Total 4 marks)
The table gives some information about the time taken by a group of 100 students to complete an IQ test. 6.

Time (t seconds)	Frequency	
60 < <i>t</i> < 70	12	
70 < <i>t</i> < 80	22	
80 < <i>t</i> < 90	23	
90 < <i>t</i> < 100	24	
100 < <i>t</i> < 110	19	

7.

rval.	dal class interva	wn the modal	(a) Write dov
(1)ean time taken by the students.	ate for the mear	e an estimate	(b) Calculate
seconds (4) (Total 5 marks)			
t the time taken by a group of 100 students to	rmation about tl		The table gives complete an IQ
	nc	Frequenc	Time (t
		y	seconds)
		12	60 < <i>t</i> ≤ 70
		22	70 < <i>t</i> ≤ 80
		23	80 < <i>t</i> ≤ 90
		24	90 < <i>t</i> ≤ 100
		19	100 < <i>t</i> ≤ 110
e taken by the studentsseconds	the mean time t	timate for the	Calculate an est

Sampling

Things to remember:

- Random sampling is where every member of the population has an equal chance of being chosen, which makes it fair.
- With systematic sampling you are unlikely to get a biased sample.
- Stratified sampling is the best way to reflect the population accurately.

Questions:

1. In Holborn School there are

460 students in Key Stage 3

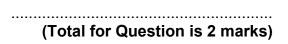
320 students in Key Stage 4

165 students in Key Stage 5

Nimer is carrying out a survey.

He needs a sample of 100 students stratified by Key Stage.

Work out the number of students from Key Stage 3 there should be in the sample.



2. Henri is carrying out a survey of the people aged 65 and over in his village. The table shows information about these people.

Age	Male	Female
65 – 69	20	22
70 – 74	18	21
75-79	15	18
80 - 84	8	16
85-89	5	10
90+	2	5
Total	68	92

Henri is going to take a sample of 30 people stratified by age. How many people aged 75 – 79 should be in the sample?

(Total for Question is 3 marks)

3. The table shows information about 1065 students.

	Male	Female
Year 7	126	109
Year 8	112	134
Year 9	121	114
Year 10	87	94
Year 11	88	80

Elena takes a stratified sample of 120 students by year group and by gender. Work out the number of Year 8 female students in her sample.

(Tot	tal for	Questic	n is 2	marks)

4. 156 students went to London.

Each student visited one of the British Museum or the National Gallery or the Stock Exchange.

The table gives information about these students.

		Place visited	
	British Museum	National Gallery	Stock Exchange
Male	25	18	35
Female	27	32	19

Kate takes a sample of 30 of these students.

The sample is stratified by place visited and by gender.

Work out the number of male students who visited the Stock Exchange in the sample.

(Total for Question is 2 mai	ks)

5.	There are a total of 300 students in Year 7, Year 8 and Year 9 at Mathsville High School.
	The table shows information about the students.

	Boys	Girls
Year 7	60	45
Year 8	55	40
Year 9	41	59

The Headteacher takes a sample of 50 students.

His sample is stratified by year and by gender.

Work out the number of girls from Year 9 in the Headteacher's sample.

(Total for Question is 2 marks)

6. There are 1200 students at a school.

Kate is helping to organise a party.

She is going to order pizza.

Kate takes a sample of 60 of the students at the school.

She asks each student to tell her **one** type of pizza they want.

The table shows information about her results.

Pizza	Number of students
ham	20
salami	15
vegetarian	8
margherita	17

Work out how much ham pizza Kate should order.

Write down any assumption you make and explain how this could affect your answer.

(Total for question = 3 marks)

(a) M (i		ake a random samp what is meant by a	le of students from his random sample.	year group.
<i>(</i> ::	i) Deceribe	o a mathed May on	uld use to take his rene	lom comple
(ii	i) Describe	s a method Max Cot	lld use to take his rand	iom sample.
/1 \ T				
	he table belov	v shows the numbe	rs of students in 5 year	
Year	he table belov	v shows the numbe		
Year 9 10	he table belov	w shows the numbe	Number of student 239 257	
Year 9 10 11	he table belov	w shows the numbe	Number of student 239 257 248	
Year 9 10 11	he table belov	w shows the numbe	239 257 248 190	
Year 9 10 11	he table belov	w shows the numbe	Number of student 239 257 248	
Year 9 10 11 12 13 Lisa take	es a stratified	sample of 100 stude	Number of student 239 257 248 190 206	is

Probability Trees

Things to remember:

- The branches must sum to 1;
- Read the question carefully to decide if it is with replacement or without replacement;
- AND means x and OR means +.

Questions:

1. Amy has 10 CDs in a CD holder.

Amy's favourite group is Edex.

She has 6 Edex CDs in the CD holder.

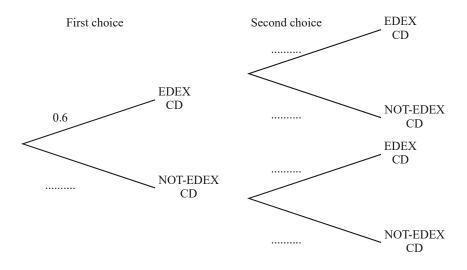
Amy takes one of these CDs at random.

She writes down whether or not it is an Edex CD.

She puts the CD back in the holder.

Amy again takes one of these CDs at random.

(a) Complete the probability tree diagram.



(2)

Amy had 30 CDs.

The mean playing time of these 30 CDs was 42 minutes.

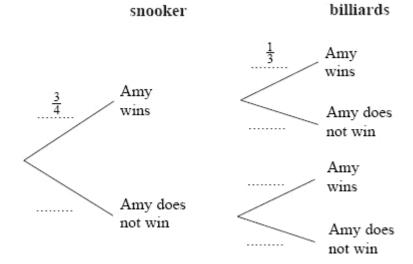
Amy sold 5 of her CDs.

The mean playing time of the 25 CDs left was 42.8 minutes.

(b) Calculate the mean playing time of the 5 CDs that Amy sold.

 minutes
(3)
(Total 5 marks)

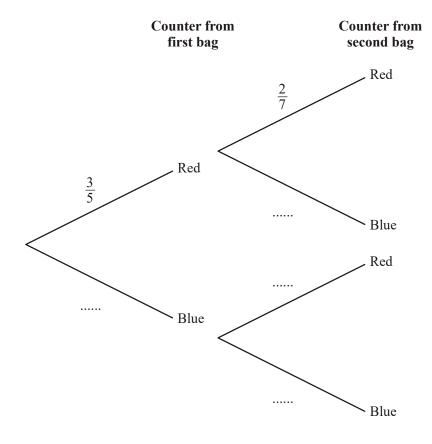
2. Amy is going to play one game of snooker and one game of billiards. The probability that she will win the game of snooker is $\frac{3}{4}$. The probability that she will win the game of billiards is $\frac{1}{3}$. Complete the probability tree diagram.



(Total 2 marks)

3. Loren has two bags.

The first bag contains 3 red counters and 2 blue counters. The second bag contains 2 red counters and 5 blue counters. Loren takes one counter at random from each bag. Complete the probability tree diagram.



(Total 2 marks)

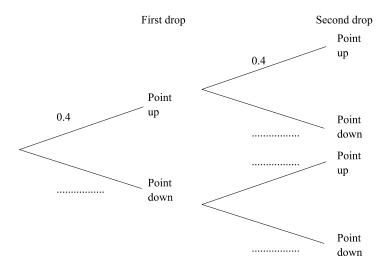
4. Mary has a drawing pin.

When the drawing pin is dropped it can land either 'point up' or 'point down'.

The probability of it landing 'point up' is 0.4

Mary drops the drawing pin twice.

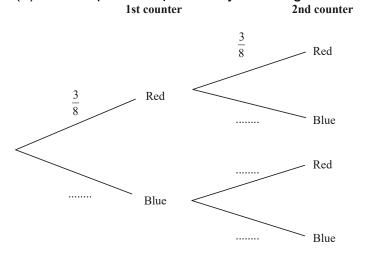
(a) Complete the probability tree diagram.



(b) Work out the probability that the drawing pin will land 'point up' both times.

(2) (Total 4 marks)

- **5.** Matthew puts 3 red counters and 5 blue counters in a bag. He takes at random a counter from the bag. He writes down the colour of the counter. He puts the counter in the bag again. He then takes at random a second counter from the bag.
 - (a) Complete the probability tree diagram.



(b) Work out the probability that Matthew takes two red counters.

(2)

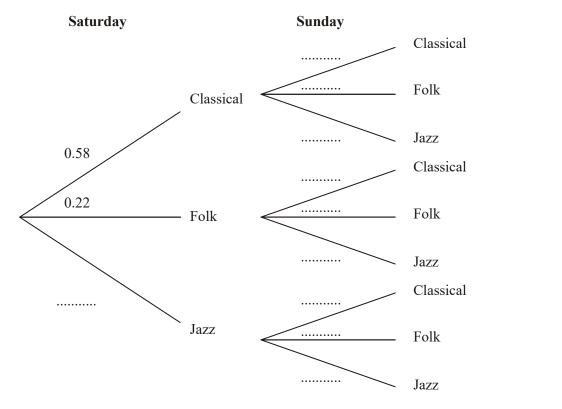
(2)

(2)

(Total 4 marks)

(2)

- 6. Julie has 100 music CDs. 58 of the CDs are classical. 22 of the CDs are folk. The rest of the CDs are jazz. On Saturday, Julie chooses one CD at random from the 100 CDs. On Sunday, Julie chooses one CD at random from the 100 CDs.
 - (a) Complete the probability tree diagram.



(b) Calculate the probability that Julie will choose a jazz CD on **both** Saturday and Sunday.

(2)

(c) Calculate the probability that Julie will choose at least one jazz CD on Saturday and Sunday.

(3)

(Total 7 marks)

Proportion

Things to remember:

- Start by checking the question for squares, cubes and roots;
- "x is directly proportional to y" looks like x α y or x = ky
- "x is inversely proportional to y" looks like $\mathbf{x} \alpha \frac{1}{y}$ or $\mathbf{x} = \frac{k}{y}$

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- 1. The shutter speed, S, of a camera varies inversely as the square of the aperture setting, f. When f = 8, S = 125
 - (a) Find a formula for S in terms of f.

	(3)

(b) Hence, or otherwise, calculate the value of S when f = 4

(Total 4 marks)

2. In a factory, chemical reactions are carried out in spherical containers.

The time, *T* minutes, the chemical reaction takes is directly proportional to the square of the radius, *R* cm, of the spherical container.

When R = 120, T = 32

Find the value of T when R = 150

	directly proportional to the square of t . 80 when $t = 4$	
	Express <i>d</i> in terms of <i>t</i> .	
(3)	Work out the value of d when $t = 7$	(
(1)	d = Work out the positive value of t when $d = 45$	
(2) (Total 6 marks)	t =	
ortional to the square of the time, t ,	distance, <i>D</i> , travelled by a particle is directly proport n. When <i>t</i> = 40, <i>D</i> = 30 Find a formula for <i>D</i> in terms of <i>t</i> .	
(3)	D = Calculate the value of D when $t = 64$	
(1)	Calculate the value of t when $D = 12$ Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.	
(2) (Total 6 marks)		

• • •	The time, T seconds, it takes a water heater to bo to the mass of water, m kg, in the water heater. W (a) Find T when $m = 400$	5.
$T = \dots $ (3)	The time, <i>T</i> seconds, it takes a water heater to bo	
	proportional to the power, P watts, of the water he When $P = 1400$, $T = 360$ (b) Find the value of T when $P = 900$	
T =(3) (Total 6 marks)		
onds.	A ball falls vertically after being dropped. The ball falls a distance <i>d</i> metres in a time of <i>t</i> sec <i>d</i> is directly proportional to the square of <i>t</i> . The ball falls 20 metres in a time of 2 seconds. (a) Find a formula for <i>d</i> in terms of <i>t</i> .	6.
d =(3)	Calculate the distance the ball falls in 3 seconds.	(b)
m (1)	Calculate the time the ball takes to fall 605 m.	(c)
seconds (3) (Total 7 marks)		

າ (x cm). When the	spring, the tension (<i>T</i> newtons) is directly proportional to its extension (sion is 150 newtons, the extension is 6 cm. Find a formula for <i>T</i> in terms of <i>x</i> .	
(3)	T =	((
newtons		
(1)	Calculate the extension, in cm, when the tension is 600 newtons.	((
cm (1) (Total 5 marks)	inversely proportional to d . en $d = 50$, $f = 256$ d the value of f when $d = 80$	V
(Total 3 marks)	f =	

Calculating with Fractions

Things to remember:

- If you have a mixed number, start by converting it to an improper fraction.
- Multiply fractions is easy just multiply the numerators and multiply the denominators.
- To divide fractions, flip the second fraction upside-down and multiply instead.
- If you need to add or subtract fractions, you will need to start by finding equivalent fractions with a common denominator.
- Make sure you leave your answer in its simplest form.
- To convert a recurring decimal to a fraction you will need to multiply by 10ⁿ, where n is the number of recurring digits. Then subtract the original number from the new one. Rearrange to find the fraction.

1. (a) Work out	$1\frac{3}{4} + 3\frac{1}{2}$
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(b) Work out
$$\frac{3}{7} \times £28$$

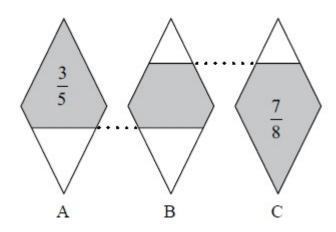
£		
		(2)
	(Total for question = 4 m	arks)

2. Work out $3\frac{4}{5} + \frac{3}{7}$

Give your answer as a mixed number in its simplest form.

(Total for question = 3 marks)

The diagram shows three identical shapes A, B and C. $\frac{3}{5}$ of shape A is shaded. $\frac{7}{8}$ of shape C is shaded.



What fraction of shape B is shaded?

(Total for question = 3 marks)

4. Express the recurring decimal $0.1\overset{\bullet}{5}$ as a fraction. Give your answer in its simplest form.

(Total for Question is 3 marks)

5.	Work out $3\frac{1}{3}x4\frac{2}{5}$	
	Give your answer as a mixed number in its simplest f	orm.
		(Total for question = 3 marks)
6.	Work out $\frac{3}{8} + \frac{1}{3}$	
		(Total for Question is 2 marks
-	Express the recurring decimal $0.7\overline{50}$ as a fraction.	•
7.	Express the recurring decimal 0.750 as a fraction.	

(Total for Question is 3 marks)

8.	Express the recurring decimal 0.281 as a fraction in its	simplest form.
9.	Work out $3\frac{1}{3} \div 4\frac{3}{4}$	(Total for Question is 3 marks
10.	On a farm, $4\frac{1}{2}$ out of every 15 acres of the land are use	(Total for Question is 2 marks ed to grow crops.
	Wheat is grown on $\frac{5}{8}$ of the land used to grow crops. What percentage of the total area of the land on the far	m is used to grow wheat?
		(Total for question = 3 marks
		(Total for question = 3 marks

Percentages – compound interest

Things to remember:	
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• New amount = original amount x multiplierⁿ

Number of years

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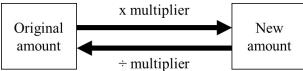
	hry invests £4500 at a compound interest rate of 5% per are the end of n complete years the investment has grown to £3 d the value of n .	gues .
(Total 2 marks)		
	buys a new machine. e value of the machine depreciates by 20% each year. Bill says 'after 5 years the machine will have no value'. Bill is wrong. Explain why.	2.
(1) value of the machine when	wants to work out the value of the machine after 2 years. By what single decimal number should Bill multiply the v?	
	en bought a new car. Each year, the value of her car depre culate the number of years after which the value of her car v.	3.
(Total 3 marks)	walue of a car depreciates by 35% each year. he end of 2007 the value of the car was £5460 rk out the value of the car at the end of 2006	l.
(Total 3 marks)	£	

5.	Toby invested £4500 for 2 years in a savings account. He was paid 4% per annum compound interest. (a) How much did Toby have in his savings account after 2 years?					
	£					
	Jaspir invested £2400 for <i>n</i> years in a savings account. He was paid 7.5% per annum compound interest. At the end of the <i>n</i> years he had £3445.51 in the savings account. (b) Work out the value of <i>n</i> .	(3)				
		(2) (Total 5 marks)				
6.	Mario invests £2000 for 3 years at 5% per annum compound interest. Calculate the value of the investment at the end of 3 years.					
	£	(Total 3 marks)				
7.	Toby invested £4500 for 2 years in a savings account. He was paid 4% per annum compound interest. How much did Toby have in his savings account after 2 years?	(100010110110)				
	£					
	£	(Total 3 marks)				

Percentages - reverse

Things to remember:

• Work out what the multiplier would have been;



_				4 -				
Q		Δ	e	tı	$\boldsymbol{\wedge}$	n	e	•
w	u	ㄷ	-	L	u		-3	

		÷ multiplier		
Ques 1.	Afte	: insulation reduces annual heating costs by 20 r he insulated his loft, Curtley's annual heatin k out Curtley's annual heating cost would hav	ng cost was £520.	lated his loft.
			£	(Total 3 marks)
2.	Andr The	sale, normal prices are reduced by 20%. SALE 20% OFF rew bought a saddle for his horse in the sale. sale price of the saddle was £220. sulate the normal price of the saddle.		
			£	
				(Total 3 marks)
3.	This Bill s Bill is	a's weekly pay this year is £240 is 20% more than her weekly pay last year. says 'This means Hajra's weekly pay last year s wrong, Explain why.	r was £192'.	
	(b)	Work out Hajra's weekly pay last year.		(1)

(2)

(Total 3 marks)

4.	The price of all rail season tickets to London increased by 4%. (a) The price of a rail season ticket from Cambridge to London increased by £121.60 Work out the price before this increase.				
		£			
	(b) After the increase, the price of a rail season £2828.80 Work out the price before this increase.	ticket from Brighton to London was			
		£			
		(3) Total 5 marks)			
5.	In a sale, normal prices are reduced by 25%. The sale price of a saw is £12.75 Calculate the normal price of the saw.				
		£(Total 3 marks			
6.	In a sale, normal prices are reduced by 12%. The sale price of a DVD player is £242. Work out the normal price of the DVD player.				
		£(Total 3 marks			
7.	A garage sells cars. It offers a discount of 20% off the normal price for control Dave pays £5200 cash for a car. Calculate the normal price of the car.	eash.			
		£			
		(Total 3 marks			

Useful websites:

www.mathswatchvle.com

(Video explanations and questions)

Centre ID: twgash

Username: firstname

Password: lastname

www.methodmaths.com

(Past papers online that get instantly marked)

Centre ID: wga

Username: firstname

Password: lastname

www.hegartymaths.com

(Online tutorials and quizzes)

Login: first name and last name are backwards and

case sensitive

www.bbc.co.uk/schools/gcsebitesize/maths

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